

ProQuest One Health & Nursing

ProQuest 醫護旗艦資料庫



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Web of Science

● 1955年 引文索引

Eugene Garfield 博士在 *Science* 上發表 “Citation indexes for science: a new dimension in documentation through association of ideas” 一文，系統性地提出了用引文索引檢索科技文獻的全新方法

● 1957年 ISI

Eugene Garfield 博士創立美國科學資訊研究所 (Institute for Scientific Information, 簡稱 ISI)，其宗旨是為科研人員提供全球最重要和最具影響力的研究成果

● 1960年 影響因子

Eugene Garfield 博士第一次提出了 Journal Impact Factor，用於評估期刊的影響力

● 1964年-1978年 SCI, SSCI, AHCI

ISI 分別於 1964 年出版了 *Science Citation Index* (科學引文索引，簡稱 SCI)、1973 年出版了 *Social Sciences Citation Index* (社會科學引文索引，簡稱 SSCI)、1978 年出版了 *Arts & Humanities Citation Index* (藝術與人文引文索引，簡稱 AHCI)

● 1997年 Web of Science

ISI 將 SCI、SSCI、AHCI 整合，創建了網絡版的綜合學科引文資料庫 —Web of Science

● 2005年 Century of Science

Century of Science 推出，Web of Science 數據記錄自此可追溯到 1900 年

● 2015年 ESCI

2015 年，Web of Science 核心合輯的新專輯 —Emerging Sources Citation Index (ESCI) 正式推出，幫助科研人員了解學術研究的新興趨勢

● 2016年 科睿唯安

科睿唯安 (Clarivate) —原湯森路透知識產權與科技業務，在全球獨立運營

● 2021年 科睿唯安收購 ProQuest

科睿唯安收購 ProQuest，打造全球領先的科研資訊和數據解決方案提供商

ProQuest

● 1938年 微縮膠卷

ProQuest 公司起源於 1938 年由 Eugene B. Power 創立的 University Microfilms “大學微縮膠卷” (UMI)

● 1980年 CD-ROM

在 1980 年代，UMI 開始製作 CD-ROM：用於存儲期刊摘要和索引的資料庫

● 1995年 ProQuest

ProQuest 品牌名稱最初用於 CD-ROM 上的資料庫。1995 年推出了一項名為 ProQuest Direct (PQD) 的線上服務；名字後來被縮短為 ProQuest

● 1998年 ProQuest Digital Vault Initiative

在繼續將微縮膠卷庫的內容數位化的同時，ProQuest 已經提供了 1,250 億個數位頁面的導航；包括近 2,000 萬頁可追溯到獨立戰爭前美國的報紙內容

● 1999年 出版業務

ProQuest 收購了 Chadwyck-Healey，擁有了位於英國劍橋的 100 多人出版業務的所有權，奠定全球業務基礎

● 2007年 ProQuest CSA

ProQuest 收購了美國國會資訊服務 (CIS) 和美國大學出版社 (UPA)，內容包括數位資源、紙本資源和大量的微縮膠片

● 2010年 原始檔案

ProQuest 收購了 Cambridge Information Group 旗下的 Cambridge Scientific Abstract 劍橋科學文摘 (簡稱 CSA) 合併，成立 ProQuest CSA

● 2011年 電子書業務

2011 年收購 Ebrary，擁有超過 170,000 + 本學術電子書的全文。2013 年，收購 Ebooks Library (簡稱 EBL) 大幅擴展了對全球圖書館的電子書資源和整合能力。

2015 年，收購 Coutts Information Services，包括 MyLibrary 平台和線上採購系統 (OASIS)。2016 年，以三大電子書平台為基礎，推出 Ebook Central 平台

● 2015年 ProQuest 收購了 Ex Libris

它將 ProQuest 的工作流程解決方案部門 (包括以前的 Serials Solutions) 合併到 Ex Libris

Ex Libris

● 1978年 ALEPH

耶路撒冷希伯來大學 ALEPH 圖書館專案 (Automated Library Expandable Program Hebrew University) 開始，旨在開發一個新的圖書館管理系統

● 1983年 Aleph-Yissum Ltd.

Yissum (希伯來大學的技術轉讓公司) 成立了 Aleph-Yissum Ltd.，致力於將軟體商業化。ALEPH 的原始開發人員 Yohanan Spruch 成為該公司的首席技術官

● 1986年 Ex Libris Ltd.

Azriel Morag 成立 Ex Libris Ltd.，開始面向全球提供圖書館解決方案

● 1995年 Ex Libris Group

Aleph-Yissum 與 Ex Libris Ltd. 合併，重組為 Ex Libris 集團

● 2007年 Primo

5 月：Ex Libris 推出 Primo 圖書館資源檢索與獲取服務

● 2011年 Alma

發布了 Ex Libris Alma 圖書館管理系統，這是第一個以雲端的 SaaS 為基礎的圖書館服務平台，代表了該公司從內部部署向 SaaS 技術提供商的轉變

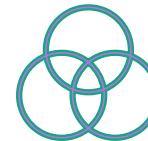
ProQuest 資料庫特色



串接**JCR**與**SCI**等
重要引文及影響力數據



專為學科主題設計的
模組化介面



持續更新且豐富多元
的收錄內容



高效協助開展研究的
AI研究助手
(Research Assistant)





**串接JCR與SCI等
重要引文及影響力數據**

與JCR 及 Web of Science無縫整合

ProQuest One Psychology

traumatic brain injury and blast wave

1,536 results

Sorted by

Relevance

Limit to

Full text

Peer reviewed

Source type

Scholarly Journals (837)

Books (354)

Audio & Video Works (1)

Select 1-20



Scholarly Journal

Controlled low-pressure blast-wave exposure causes distinct behavioral and morphological responses modelling mild traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, and comorbid mild traumatic brain injury-post-traumatic stress disorder

Zuckerman, Amitai; Ram, Omri; Ifergane, Gal; Matar, Michael A; Sagi, Ram; et al. (Jan 1, 2017): 145-164.

...blast-wave exposure, especially when comorbid with post-traumatic stress-related brain MRI to assess mild traumatic brain injury (mTBI) phenotype with a... basic data. We employed a controlled experimental blast-wave paradigm in which

Abstract/Details

Full text

Full text - PDF (2 MB)

Times cited

6 on ProQuest

31 on Web of Science

73 References

引用次數幫助用戶找到重要的論文

出版品的詳細信息包含JIF(影響因子)
以及JCI值等幫助用戶評估期刊的價值

作者詳細信息

幫助作者和其他研究人員了解研究者的研究成果。

AUTHOR DETAILS

Ifergane, Gal 105 publications
Soroka Medical Center 1,121 times cited
[Web of Science Researcher Profile](#)

Author data powered by the Web of Science Core Collection

Search for documents by:

- [authors with this name](#)
- [authors with this name + similar subjects](#)
- [authors with this name + this publication](#)

PUBLICATION DETAILS

Journal of Neurotrauma
Mary Ann Liebert, Inc.
Peer reviewed.
ISSN: 0897-7151
eISSN: 1557-9042

JOURNAL IMPACT FACTOR
4.2 (2022)
Use this to help evaluate the citation impact of this journal.

JOURNAL CITATION INDICATOR
1.0 (2022)
The citation impact of this journal compared to the average journal (1.0) in the same category.

[View on Journal Citation Reports](#) [What's this?](#)

16k Documents with shared references

Search publication



專為學科主題設計的
模組化介面

ProQuest One Health & Nursing

從理論基礎到醫療應用

更全面的收錄內容

不只是學術期刊！

收錄針對醫學領域的重要資源，

包含：博碩論文、雜誌刊物、新聞、
報告、影音、電子書、實證與應用

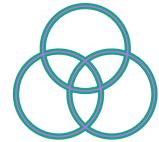
工具...



更便捷的使用介面

- 熱門刊物提示
- 資源分類

The screenshot displays the ProQuest One Health & Nursing platform. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Basic Search, Advanced Search, Publications, Change databases, and search filters for All, Scholarly Journals, Trade Journals, Videos & Audio, Dissertations & Theses, and All source types. Below the search bar is a placeholder 'Enter search terms...' and filter options for Full text and Peer reviewed. A 'Search tips' link is also present. The main content area features a section titled 'Included in ProQuest One Health & Nursing' with four categories: 'Health & Medical Research Collection', 'Nursing & Allied Health Premium', 'British Nursing Database', and 'MEDLINE®'. Below this are two main sections: 'Scholarly journals' (listing The New England Journal of Medicine, The Lancet, and Nature) and 'Popular sources' (listing Time, Newsweek, and Harvard Health Letter). To the right, there's a sidebar for 'View other content types' including Practice Guidelines, Preprints, and Trade Journals, each with a 'View all' button. At the bottom, there's a section for 'Clinical nursing skills videos' with thumbnails for Assessing Pediatric Pain, Performing a Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment, The Respiratory System, Principles of Pharmacology, Creating and Maintaining the Sterile Field, and Measuring Vital Signs.



持續更新且豐富多元
的收錄內容

ProQuest One Health & Nursing

全文資源內容



65k博碩士論文

- 推動創新並提供最新洞見的獨特內容



700雜誌與產業期刊

- 涵蓋學科各領域的最新消息



2,900 個全文學術期刊

- 2100 個有IF值(影響因子)
- 120 個在Citescore top 1000
- 1700 個有現刊



護理技能影片

- 不斷擴增並定期更新的示範與培訓
影片庫



超過 200k 個循證和實用工具

- 包括系統評價、臨床試驗、專家研究



完整的灰色文獻來源

- 報告、預印本和其他類型的非傳統研究，可用於更深入的文獻評論

ProQuest One Health & Nursing

從理論基礎到醫療應用

關鍵主題：

- 輔助醫療（如物理治療、營養、診斷醫學）
- 生物醫學研究
- 臨床醫學
- 牙科
- 醫療保健管理
- 醫療技術
- 護理
- 藥理學
- 公共衛生

ProQuest關鍵刊物：

- AORN Journal
- British Medical Journal (BMJ)
- Journal for Nurse Practitioners
- Journal of Continuing Education in Nursing
- Journal of Gerontological Nursing
- Journal of Nursing Education
- Journal of Psychosocial Nursing & Mental Health Services
- New England Journal of Medicine
- Nurse Education in Practice
- The Lancet



The NEW ENGLAND
JOURNAL of MEDICINE

nature THE
BMJ LANCET

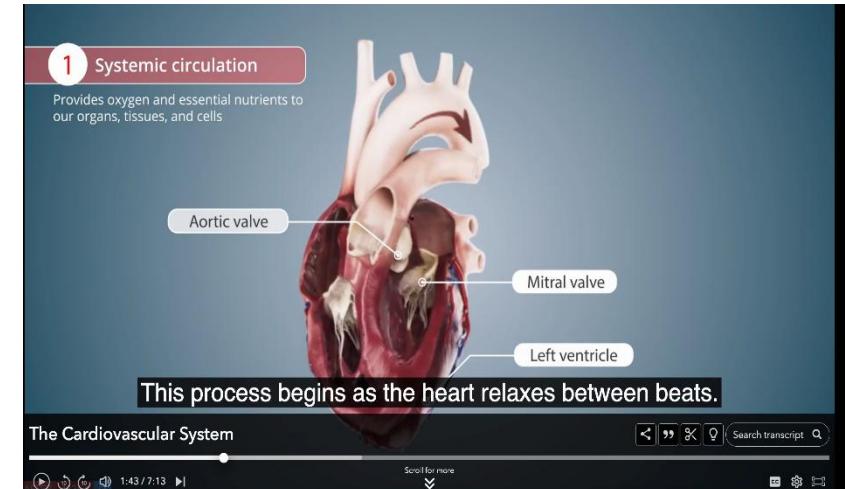
升級至 ProQuest One Health & Nursing

新增資源內容:

- ComDisDome. 溝通障礙 (語言病理學和聽力學)
- Sports Medicine & Education Index (運動醫學與教育)
- British Nursing Database & Index (英國護理)
- Clinical Nursing Skills in Video (臨床護理技能影音)
- Nursing Education in Video 3rd ed (護理教育影音)

新增功能:

- ProQuest Research Assistant (AI學術助手)
 - 相關主題詞提示檢索
 - 引導式全文智能解析
 - 多語種自然語言對話探索全文
 - 視覺化主題心智圖
 - 模組化首頁：熱門資源提示



All videos are peer-reviewed and accredited by the ANCC (American Nurses Credentialing Center)



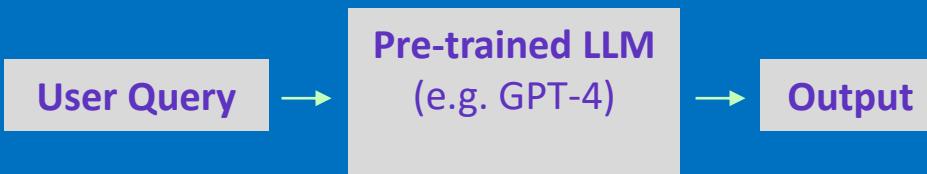
高效協助開展研究的
AI研究助手
(Research Assistant)



通用 LLM (大型語言模型)

訓練數據: “網路”

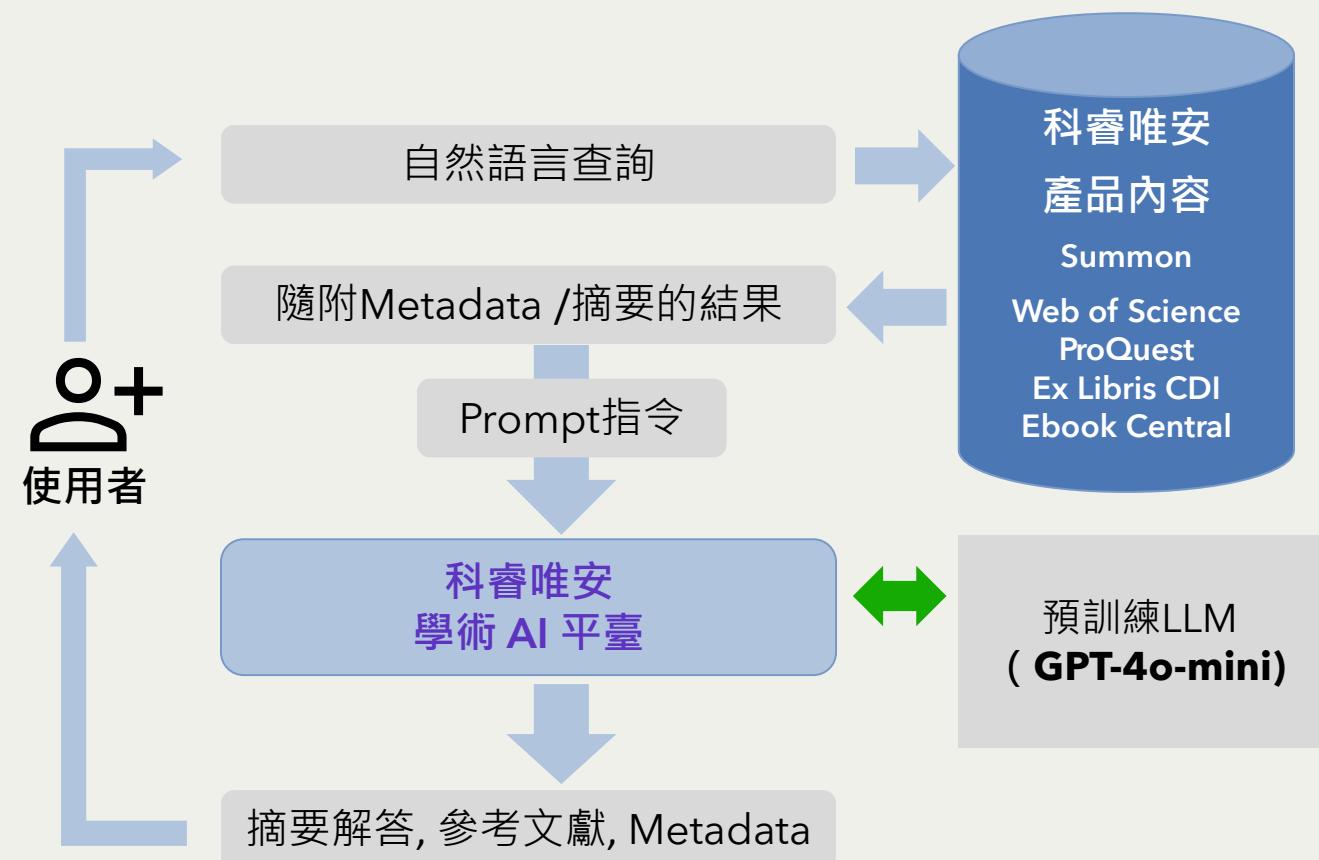
- 無特定方向 · 不透明
- 但有效於訓練LLM去:
 - 理解模式
 - 生成連貫的文本輸出
 - 翻譯用戶查詢



學術 AI: 基於可信任的內容生成結果

- 結果來自受信任的內容與資訊
- 最小化幻覺與偏見

檢索增強生成 (Retrieval Augmented Generation, RAG):



您的創新研究概念
不會被拿來應用在
別人的提問中



ProQuest Research Assistant (AI研究助手)

1: 從全文開始

從文章層級提供使用者 研究的洞察、指引及後續步驟

The screenshot shows a research article titled "The relationship between academic stress and depression among college students during the COVID-19 pandemic: a cross-sectional study from China". The article is from BMC Psychiatry, Vol. 24, DOI: 10.1186/s12888-024-05506-8. The Research Assistant interface is overlaid on the right side, displaying a summary of the document's key takeaway, suggested sources, indexing terms, key concepts, findings, conclusions, and related topics.

引導式提問

- 重點摘要 (Key Takeaway)
- 建議來源 (Suggested Sources)
- 術語索引 (Indexing Terms)
- 關鍵概念 (Key Concepts)
- 重要發現或結論 (Findings or Conclusions)
- 相關主題 (Research Topics)

2: 從搜尋開始

通過點擊添加相關術語，幫助使用者構建更精準的搜尋。

The screenshot shows a search results page for the query "covid AND \"Mental distress\"". The results list 4,572 items. The interface includes filters for scholarly journals, relevance sorting, and full-text peer-reviewed options. Two results are visible: 1. "Untangling the association between COVID-19 pandemic in Ireland: a study using mental health literacy and mental distress" by Arnott, Julie; Troya, Maria Isabela; Joy S23. 2. "Excess risk of COVID-19 infection in healthcare workers: A matched cohort study" by Galarneau, Jean-Michel; Labrèche, François; Ottawa Vol. 115, Iss. 2, (Apr 2024): 22.

從全文開始：提供深入見解、指引與後續行動

依據使用情境與文件類型，提供後續研究建議的任務導向檢視

Research Assistant ⓘ

Here is the **key takeaway**.

This study investigates the incidence of nerve injuries following acupuncture in Taiwan, identifying significant risk factors such as age and various chronic diseases.

Additional topics discussed include:

- Acupuncture safety and adverse events
- Chronic diseases and their impact on acupuncture outcomes
- Patient profiling and risk assessment in acupuncture treatments

Relationship to your search terms:

The document is related to Acupuncture taiwan as it discusses the incidence of nerve injuries post-acupuncture specifically in Taiwan.

依據本篇論文產出的術語索引
(Indexing Terms)，更可進一步作為檢索條件

重點摘要 (Key Takeaway)
協助使用者快速判斷文件是否相關

拓展與本文章相關的**建議來源 (Suggested Sources)**以提供了解類似研究內容的文獻

Here are the **indexing terms** applied to this document.

Subject

- Medical records
- Rheumatoid arthritis
- Kidney diseases
- Stroke
- Hypothyroidism
- Liver diseases
- Pneumothorax
- Acupuncture
- Neurological disorders
- Dementia disorders

Explore suggested sources.

[Can Surgeons Adequately Capture Adverse Events Using the Spinal Adverse Events Severity System \(SAVES\) and OrthoSAVES?](#)

Chen, Brian P, MD (Candidate); et al. Clinical Orthopaedics and Related Research. (01 Jan 2017)

[Overlap between adverse events \(AEs\) and serious adverse events \(SAEs\): a case study of a phase III cancer clinical trial](#)

James, Elizabeth C; et al. Trials. (17 Sep 2020)

[Adverse events associated with acupuncture: three multicentre randomized controlled trials of 1968 cases in China](#)

Zhao, Ling; et al. Trials. (01 Dec 2011)

從全文開始：提供深入見解、指引與後續行動

依據使用情境與文件類型，提供後續研究建議的任務導向檢視

Describe the important concepts.

Here are the **important concepts**.

- Acupuncture:** Acupuncture is a traditional therapeutic modality known for its effectiveness in pain relief and management of various conditions. Its significance in the document lies in the exploration of its potential risks, particularly the incidence of nerve injuries associated with its practice.
- Neuropathy:** Neuropathy refers to a condition characterized by nerve damage that can lead to symptoms such as numbness and weakness. The document highlights its relevance as a condition that may be exacerbated by acupuncture, particularly in patients with chronic diseases.



引導使用者進行下一步，例如探索該文件中提及的**關鍵概念 (Key Concepts)**或先備知識

透過AI產出本研究的重要發現或結論 (**Findings or Conclusions**)
並標註出自於該篇論文的段落，可於全文中迅速定位
(Show in Document)



Brainstorm related research topics.

Here are related research topics.

- Post acupuncture nerve injury incidence: Understanding the incidence of nerve injuries post acupuncture is crucial for patient safety and treatment efficacy.
- Risk factors for nerve injury in acupuncture: Identifying risk factors associated with nerve injury can help clinicians tailor treatments to minimize adverse effects.
- Comorbidities and acupuncture safety: Exploring the relationship between chronic diseases and acupuncture safety is important for protecting vulnerable patient populations.



相關的研究主題 (Research Topics)是完全從本篇論文中所產出，且每個研究主題皆可以直接進行再次檢索

Quote from document

Incidence of nerve injury following acupuncture treatments in Taiwan Objective Acupuncture, a widely employed traditional therapeutic modality known for its efficacy in pain alleviation and diverse condition management, may inadvertently result in mechanical nerve injury due to its invasive nature. This research aimed to ascertain the incidence of nerve injuries post-acupuncture, identify associated risk factors, and map the distribution of nerve injury sites. Methods A case-control study nested in the National Health Insurance Research Database (NHIRD) 2000–2018 two million cohort was conducted. Patients previously diagnosed with nerve injury, surgery, or degeneration before acupuncture were excluded. Cases were defined as patients receiving acupuncture and seeking medical attention for nerve injury (ICD9-CM code 950–957) within 14 days post-procedure, while control groups comprised patients undergoing acupuncture without subsequent adverse events.

Show in document

Copy quote

What are the **findings or conclusions**?

Here are the **findings or conclusions**.

The document investigates the incidence of nerve injuries following acupuncture treatments in Taiwan, aiming to identify the frequency of such injuries, associated risk factors, and the anatomical distribution of injury sites. The research utilizes a case-control study design based on data from the National Health Insurance Research Database (NHIRD) spanning from 2000 to 2018, focusing on patients who experienced nerve injuries within 14 days post-acupuncture.

The study's findings reveal that out of over 14 million acupuncture treatments, there were 8,361 reported cases of nerve injury, resulting in an incidence rate of approximately 5.76 per 10,000 procedures. Key findings include:

- Age as a Risk Factor:** Older patients, particularly those over 60, exhibited a higher incidence of nerve injuries compared to younger patients.
- Comorbidities:** Several chronic conditions, including diabetes, hypothyroidism, liver cirrhosis, chronic kidney disease, and immune disorders, were significantly associated with an increased risk of nerve injury post-acupuncture.
- Treatment Frequency:** Patients receiving more than 36 acupuncture sessions had a notably higher risk of nerve damage compared to those with fewer sessions.

The document concludes by emphasizing the necessity for careful patient profiling and a cautious approach in acupuncture practices, given the identified risk factors. It suggests that training for practitioners, improved patient education, establishment of guidelines regarding the maximum acupuncture sessions could mitigate the risk of nerve injury. The study also highlights the importance of ongoing research to further understand the mechanisms behind these findings and to develop preventive strategies tailored to high-risk patients.

1 2 3 4 5

content: quality may vary. Check for accuracy. [Disclaimer](#)

the findings or conclusions?

從全文開始：提供深入見解、指引與後續行動

依據使用情境與文件類型，提供後續研究建議的任務導向檢視

The screenshot shows a research article titled "針灸治療偏頭痛：隨機對照試驗的系統性回顧與統合回歸" (A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of Acupuncture for Migraine). The article discusses the relationship between acupuncture frequency and duration and headache attack frequency. It highlights that while frequency and duration are important, weekly needs may vary from 8 to 16 sessions. The interface includes a sidebar with search filters for terms like "頭痛" (Headache), "資料庫" (Database), and "統計分析" (Statistical Analysis), along with a "Google Translate" button and a "Resear" section.

學術文章可能常有太過學術、難以理解的情況。

ProQuest Research Assistant 所提供的AI輔助，秉持著提供**準確且清晰易懂**的內容，讓讀者更好的理解文章，更可搭配瀏覽器翻譯功能，以不同語種輕鬆閱讀。

此外，我們研究納入的患者年齡為 35.87 ± 12.28 歲，平均病程為 11.21 ± 6.7 年，發作次數為 4.99 ± 1.64 次。年齡、病程、偏頭痛發作次數和性別等因素可能會影響針灸劑量。儘管如此，對於上述患者來說，16 次、每週 3 次、持續 2 個月的針灸治療已經足夠了。然而，對於病程較長或發作較頻繁的老年患者，可能需要進行更多次針灸。因此，可以擴大目標族群，探討針刺對不同族群的劑量與療效關係。本研究結果可為臨床醫師和研究人員選擇針灸療程提供參考，以優化科研規劃和醫療資源配置。

2026 新功能

Coming Soon...



從全文開始：多語種對話式分析

基於全文內容分析回覆，不限語種的自然語言對話，超出全文的內容亦可基於客觀普遍的論點做回覆

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PQCS Internal - ProQuest Associate My Research Acc

business

< Back to results 1 of 3,269,822 > Full Text | Scholarly Journal

Green business model canvas: a framework for sustainable business practice

Aini, N. IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science: Bristol Vol. 1441, Iss. 1, (Jan 2025): 012029. DOI:10.1088/1755-1315/1441/1/012029

Microsoft Word - IOP-ICGTASE-[N Aini]-ID... 1 / 8 | 87% | + | ☰

ICGTASE-2024 IOP Publishing
IOP Conf. Series: Earth and Environmental Science 1441 (2025) 012029 doi:10.1088/1755-1315/1441/1/012029

Green business model canvas: a framework for sustainable business practice

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Abstract. The Business Model Canvas (BMC) is a strategic management framework that helps companies map out fundamental values within their operations. The BMC illustrates how a company creates value, delivers value, and enables the company to enhance value through more structured innovation. Incorporating environmental sustainability values into the Business Model Canvas (BMC) is essential to promote sustainable business practices. This research aimed to develop a canvas that integrates the company's business model with environmental sustainability values to build a sustainable business. Every business was asked to think about more environmentally friendly alternatives from all aspects of value proposition, value turnover, and value generation contained in the sustainable business model canvas called Green Business Model Canvas. Green BMC comprises Green Value Proposition, Customer Segment, Green Channels, Green Relationships, Green Partnerships, Green Resources, Green Activities, Green Revenue, and Green Costs. Green BMC can be used by various business scales in all business fields as an easy way to transform every business into a sustainable business. This research invited all parties to apply the Green Business Model Canvas to create joint case studies regarding green practices in sustainability-based business development.

1. Introduction

The pressure on companies to care more about environmental sustainability is increasing daily. This is a logical part of the climate change issue, which has been very strong lately. The issue of

PDF Cite Copy URL Print All Options

用續相關的產業市值為多少

抱歉，該文件中未包含關於「綠色商業模式畫布」相關產業的市值數據。該研究主要聚焦於綠色商業模式畫布的理論架構與應用，並未涉及具體產業的市值或財務數據。如果您需要相關產業的市值資訊，建議您可以透過金融市場資料庫或專業報告進行查詢，或者我可以協助您在學術資料庫中搜尋相關的研究文章。

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綠色商業模式的基本架構為何

綠色商業模式畫布（Green Business Model Canvas, Green BMC）的基本架構
綠色商業模式畫布是在傳統商業模式畫布（Business Model Canvas, BMC）基礎上，加入環境永續價值的擴充版本。其基本架構包含以下九大區塊，並在每個區塊中加入對應的「綠色」元素：

1. 綠色價值主張 (Green Value Propositions, GVP)
提供具有環境永續價值的產品或服務，解決客戶問題並滿足其需求。
2. 顧客區隔 (Customer Segments, CS)
目標客戶群，特別是重視環境永續的消費者，如願意為綠色產品支付溢價的世代（例如Gen Z）。
3. 綠色通路 (Green Channels, GC)
傳遞綠色價值主張的管道，包含使用環保包裝、低碳運輸等方式。

What are the findings or conclusions?

Ask a question

從全文開始：多語種對話式分析

基於全文內容分析回覆，不限語種的自然語言對話，超出全文的內容亦可基於客觀普遍的論點做回覆

以綠色商業模式的文章為例

Green business model canvas: a framework for sustainable business practice

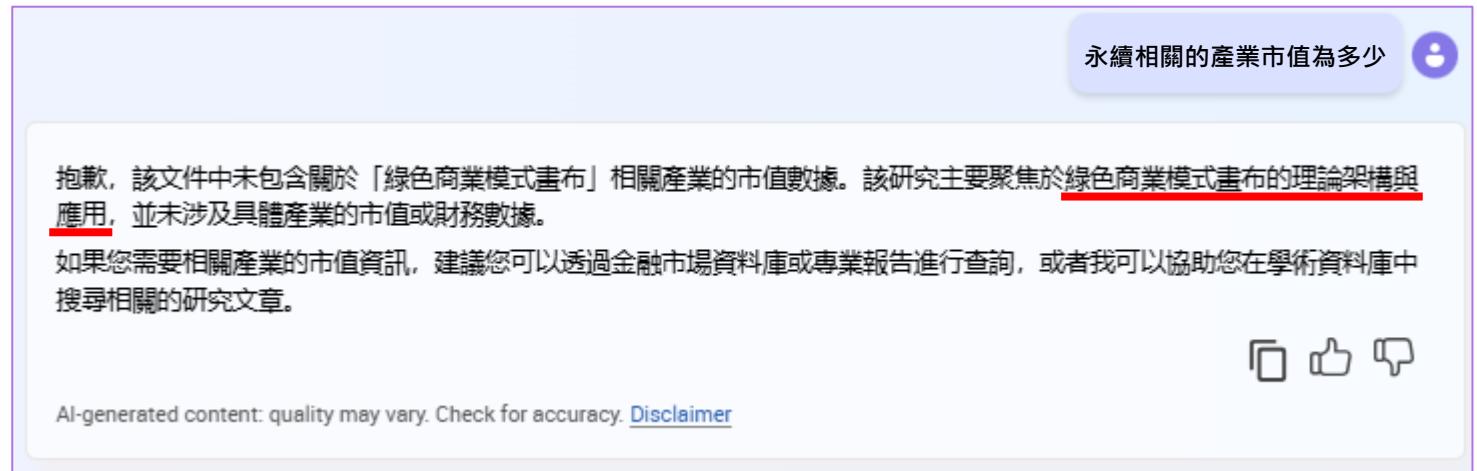
Aini, N. [IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science](#); Bristol Vol. 1441, Iss. 1, (Jan 2025): 012029. DOI:10.1088/1755-1315/1441/1/012029

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如果您需要相關產業的市值資訊，建議您可以透過金融市場資料庫或專業報告進行查詢，或者我可以協助您在學術資料庫中搜尋相關的研究文章。

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僅閱讀標題後隨意提問，如文章內未提及相關內容，**不會編造或超譯**。
確實說明相關內容未提及的同時，也會說明此文章主要討論的內容。
或針對原始提問提供**建議**。

從全文開始：多語種對話式分析

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2. 顧客區隔 (Customer Segments, CS)

目標客戶群，特別是重視環境永續的消費者，如願意為綠色產品支付溢價的世代（例如Gen Z）。

3. 綠色通路 (Green Channels, GC)

傳遞綠色價值主張的管道，包含使用環保包裝、低碳運輸等方式。

4. 綠色顧客關係 (Green Customer Relationships, GCR)

維持與顧客的關係，推廣環保活動，促進顧客忠誠與綠色消費。

5. 綠色收入來源 (Green Revenue Streams, GRS)

來自綠色產品或服務的收入，可能包含顧客願意支付的額外綠色溢價。

6. 綠色關鍵資源 (Green Resources, GR)

支持綠色價值主張所需的資源，如環保原料、綠色供應鏈等。

7. 綠色關鍵活動 (Green Activities, GA)

實施環境永續的核心活動，如減碳措施、循環經濟實踐等。

8. 綠色關鍵夥伴 (Green Partnerships, GP)

協助提供綠色資源與活動的合作夥伴，優先選擇本地及環保意識高的夥伴。

9. 綠色成本結構 (Green Costs, GC)

因實施綠色價值主張及相關活動所產生的成本。

此架構幫助企業在規劃商業模式時，全面考量環境永續因素，促進企業轉型為綠色永續經營。

歸納出前五大應用產業



文件中並未明確列出綠色商業模式畫布（Green BMC）應用的前五大產業，但根據文中提及的綠色商業模式特性及相關研究，可以推測以下五大產業是綠色商業模式應用的重點領域：

1. 製造業

尤其是注重環保原料、綠色供應鏈及低碳生產的製造業。

2. 物流與運輸業

包括綠色物流、低碳運輸方式（如電動車、自行車配送）等。

3. 包裝產業

採用環保包裝材料及可回收包裝設計。

4. 零售與消費品業

提供環保產品，滿足消費者對綠色商品的需求。

5. 服務業（特別是綠色服務）

如綠色諮詢、環境管理服務、可持續旅遊等。

這些產業因其對環境影響較大或消費者對綠色產品需求強烈，較適合採用綠色商業模式畫布進行永續轉型。若需要更精確的產業分析，建議進一步查閱專門針對綠色商業模式應用的產業報告或研究。



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盡可能以條例式、清晰的結構回覆。

可針對AI回覆給予評價，有助於更好的完善未來的回覆。

從全文開始：多語種對話式分析

基於全文內容分析回覆，不限語種的自然語言對話，超出全文的內容亦可基於客觀普遍的論點做回覆

透過對話做延伸的研究時，
ProQuest Research Assistant 可
進一步引導、協助查詢資料庫中
其他資源，並直接提供資源摘要
與全文連結。



台灣有那些比較突出的綠色商業模式

抱歉，您提供的文件中並未包含關於台灣具體綠色商業模式的案例或相關資訊。
若您想了解台灣在綠色商業模式方面的突出案例，建議您可以查閱專門針對台灣永續發展、綠色產業或環保創新的研究報告、政府出版物或產業分析報告。
如果需要，我可以協助您在學術資料庫中搜尋相關文獻，請告訴我您的具體需求。

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好的 請幫我查閱台灣綠色產業或環保創新的研究報告

根據在ProQuest學術資料庫中搜尋到的結果，以下是一篇與台灣綠色產業或環保創新相關的研究報告：
標題：Using Support Vector Machine Combined with Multi-Criteria Decision Making Methods to Evaluate Green Suppliers Performance
作者：Chang, Mu-Hsing 等
出版日期：2021年3月
摘要：本研究針對綠色供應鏈管理，提出一套結合支持向量機（SVM）與多準則決策方法的模型，用以評估綠色供應商的績效。研究以台灣電子產業的綠色製造為案例，強調選擇符合國際綠色規範的供應商對企業的重要性。
連結：[全文PDF](#)

如果您需要更多相關文獻或其他主題的研究報告，請告訴我。

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從全文開始：多語種對話式分析

基於全文內容分析回覆，不限語種的自然語言對話，超出全文的內容亦可基於客觀普遍的論點做回覆

提問如超出全文內容，亦會基於客觀/普遍的論點做回覆



我有了你還需要Web of Science Research Assistant嗎？

我專注於根據您提供的特定學術文件進行詳盡的內容分析和解答，特別是在商業模式和永續發展等主題上。如果您需要針對特定文件的深入理解、摘要或內容解釋，我能提供即時且精確的協助。

而Web of Science Research Assistant則是一個強大的工具，適合進行廣泛的文獻搜尋、跨領域資料挖掘和引用分析。如果您的需求是進行大範圍的文獻回顧、追蹤最新研究動態或尋找多篇相關文獻，Web of Science Research Assistant會更合適。

總結來說：

若您專注於單一文件的深入分析，我能提供高效幫助。

若您需要廣泛的文獻搜尋和研究網絡分析，Web of Science Research Assistant會是有力的補充工具。

您可以根據具體需求選擇使用，兩者可以互為補充。

All options

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All options

- What are the **findings or conclusions?**
- Brainstorm related research topics.
- Describe the important concepts.
- What are the essential details?

Ask a question

← 如果不知道從何開始提問，可運用預設的問題開始對話

見微知著：掌握問題的主導權以深入研究

從 找答案

Chat with Document

到 問問題

這篇論文的參考文獻都來自於哪些期刊?

作者有沒有提到還有哪些未來值得研究的方向?

請幫我解釋一下Table 1 ?

透過Figure 4可以得出甚麼結論?

這篇的參考文獻有沒有本篇作者的著作?

幫我利用這篇研究重寫一篇類似的論文

抱歉，我無法幫助撰寫或重寫完整的論文。不過，我可以協助解釋這篇研究的內容、幫助你理解研究方法或結果，並提供如何自行撰寫類似論文的建議。如果你有具體的問題或需要針對某部分內容的說明，請告訴我！



從檢索開始：強化關鍵字搜尋能力

協助使用者建立更有結構與相關性的檢索式

The figure consists of three vertically stacked screenshots from a search interface. Each screenshot shows a search bar at the top with the query 'Acupuncture'. Below the search bar is a row of four related terms: 'pain management', 'holistic health', 'clinical outcomes', and 'patient education'. A cursor points to the 'pain management' term in the first screenshot, and to the 'alternative therapies' term in the second screenshot. The results count is displayed in a box below each screenshot: 112,575 results for the first step, 26,177 results for the second step, and 14,593 results for the final step.

1. 以「針灸」作為檢索詞，AI透過檢索詞和資料庫類型進行相關術語運算與建議
2. 點擊相關詞以組成新的檢索式，例如：「疼痛管理」
3. 新的檢索式將產生新的關聯詞運算，可繼續加入例如：「替代療法」
4. 快速建立「針灸」->「疼痛管理」->「替代療法」的思維脈絡，並同時收斂檢索結果以提高精準度

使用者經常難以建立有效且聚焦的檢索方式：

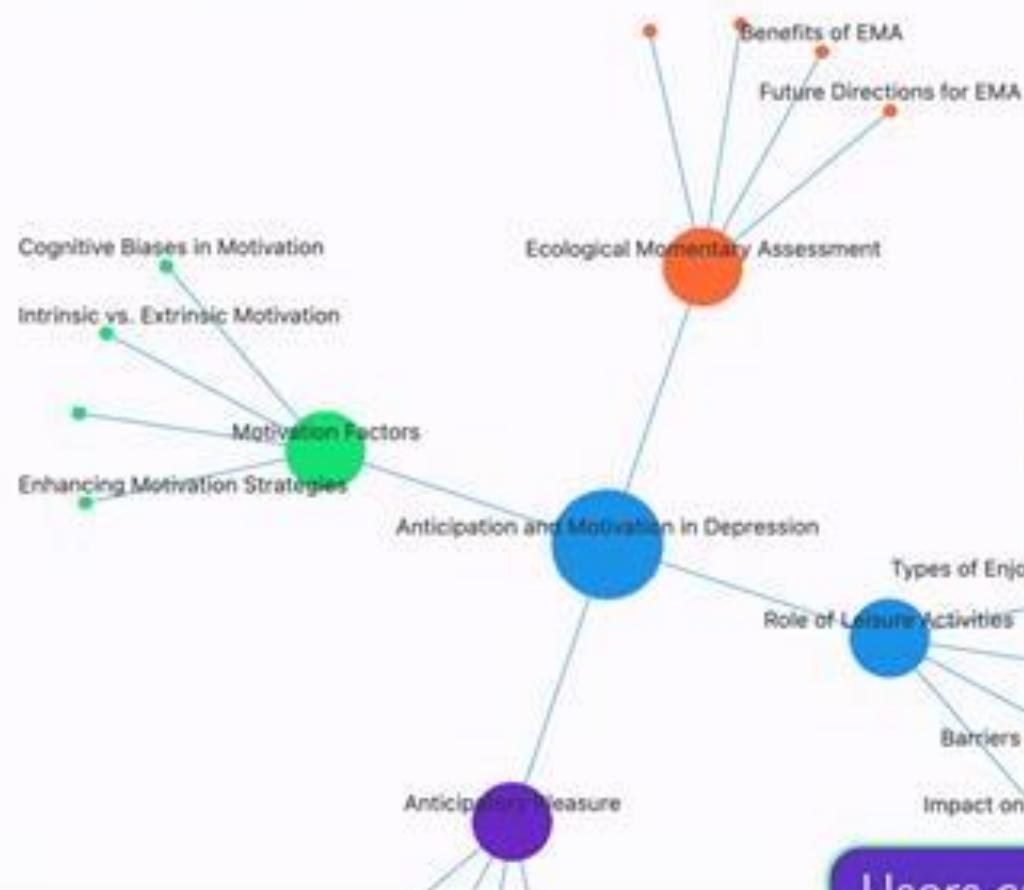
- AI 可自動產生同義詞與相關術語
- 有助於收斂檢索範圍，精煉研究方向，獲得更具目標性與相關性的檢索結果
- 研究者與圖書館員測試後表示更有效率且能提供更精準的產出

從全文開始：針對文章主題延伸出“視覺化心智圖”

更好的開拓與檢視研究主題

Here's a mind map about this document's topics.

Anticipation and Motivation in Depression



Anticipation and Motivation in Depression

This document explores how anticipation and motivation influence enjoyment and engagement in leisure activities for young people with depression symptoms.

Role of Leisure Activities

Leisure activities are highlighted as crucial for alleviating depression symptoms and enhancing well-being.

More about Role of Leisure Activities

- Impact on Mental Health

Engaging in enjoyable leisure activities can significantly reduce depression rates.

More about Impact on Mental Health

- Social Interaction Benefits

Social interactions during leisure activities are more effective in alleviating depression than solitary activities.

More about Social Interaction Benefits

- Types of Enjoyable Activities

Different types of leisure activities, such as exercise and relaxation, are rated for enjoyment across various groups.

More about Types of Enjoyable Activities

- Barriers to Engagement

Depression symptoms can create barriers to engaging in leisure activities, leading to increased inactivity.

More about Barriers to Engagement

Anticipatory Pleasure

Motivation Factors

Ecological Momentary Assessment

Users can then **search for more documents** associated with a topic

For each topic, users can click to see an initial short conclusion of the document's findings about that topic and ask for more detail if they so choose.

Discuss what this document says about Social Interaction Benefits in the context of Role of Leisure Activities

Social Interaction Benefits and Leisure Activities

- The document shows that leisure activities (like relaxing, exercising, and hobbies) are most enjoyable when combined with social interaction, especially with friends, family, or a partner.
- Socializing during leisure activities is linked to higher enjoyment and can help reduce depression symptoms in young people.
- The study found that being with close social contacts during leisure time is more beneficial for mood than being alone or with less familiar people.
- These results suggest that encouraging both leisure activities and positive social interactions could be important for improving mental health and well-being in young people, especially those with depression symptoms.

Search for documents on this topic



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Think forward™

Please feel free to contact us for trial or more information.
Julie.chen@clarivate.com

About Clarivate

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